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8	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
9	COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO – HALL OF JUSTICE	
10		and the second s
11	BLANCA ORTEGA,	Case No. 37-2018-00000107-CU-NP-CTL
12	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR STATUTORY
13	v. ,	VIOLATIONS, UNPAID WAGES, PENALTIES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF FOR:
14	CANDELAS ON THE BAY, and DOES 1	
15	through 100 inclusive  Defendant.	1. WRONGFUL TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT IN VIOLATION OF PUBLIC POLICY;
16		2. UNFAIR BUSINESS PRACTICES;
17		3. LABOR CODE § § 226.7; 4. LABOR CODE § 226 AND § 226.3;
18		5. LABOR CODE §203 PENALTIES
19		Judge:
20		Dept.:
21		
22	I. NATURE OF THE CASE	
23	1. Now comes Plaintiff BLANCA ORTEGA (hereinafter referred to as "Plaintiff"),	
24	individually, and in the interest of the General Public, and alleges against Defendant	
25	CANDELAS ON THE BAY, a California Corporation; and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,	
26	violations of the California Labor Code, Civil Code, and Business and Professions Code.	
27	2. This case involves a previous employee who performed labor at Candelas on the	
28	Bay. Plaintiff was a hardworking and dedicated full-time employee hired in June	
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COMPLAINT FOR STATUTORY VIOLATIONS

2016 as a Manager, who was not paid for all hours worked, was not paid all applicable fringe benefits, and was not authorized or permitted to take 30-minute unpaid meal periods, when she worked five or more hours, or 10-minute unpaid rest breaks every four hours of labor or major fraction thereof. Plaintiff additionally objected to and complained to Defendant about unfair business practices Defendant was knowingly and intentionally practicing at the restaurant, including but not limited to hiring illegal aliens at the restaurant. Defendant intimidated and attempted to ignore Plaintiff's concerns and then retaliated against Plaintiff for her resistance by machinating the termination of her employment.

- 3. Defendant CANDELAS ON THE BAY, a California Corporation, and DOES 1 through 100 are collectively identified and referred to as the CANDELAS ON THE BAY DEFENDANTS. As described below these individuals and entities hired, employed and benefited from the labor of PLAINTIFF such that they are responsible in whole or in part for the claims made. Claims are made against CANDELAS ON THE BAY DEFENDANTS on all the Causes of Action.
- 4. Plaintiff alleges that CANDELAS ON THE BAY failed to properly pay Plaintiff's straight time, overtime and weekend pay subject to California's wage and hour laws of the State of California. Plaintiff further allege that CANDELAS ON THE BAY failed to authorize or permit PLAINTIFF to take meal periods and rest breaks as mandated by law and described herein. Plaintiff seek recovery of unpaid wages, accrued interest and penalties, attorneys' fees and costs.

## II. JURISDICTION

- 5. Plaintiff bring this action against Defendants pursuant to Civil Code §§ 3103 and 3181 through 3184, California Labor Code §§ 200, 201, 202, 203, 203.1, 203.5, 218, 226, 1194, 1194.2, and 1174; and California Business and Professions Code §§ 17200 et seq.
- 6. On July 20, 2017, Department of Fair Employment and Housing granted Ms. Blanca's Right to Sue notice, per DFEH Matter Number: 940168-301848. According to Government Code section 12965, subdivision (b), a civil action may be brought under the provisions of the Fair Employment and Housing Act against the person, employer, labor

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organization or employment agency named in the above-referenced complaint. The civil action must be filed within one year from the date of this letter.

## III. VENUE

7. Venue lies in San Diego County because the restaurant is located in the County of San Diego. Defendant's liability arises pursuant to the Defendant's employment of Plaintiff in the County of San Diego.

## IV. PARTIES TO THE ACTION

- 8. Plaintiff BLANCA ORTEGA was and at all relevant times herein is, an individual over the age of eighteen and a resident of California.
- 9. Plaintiff is informed and believes and therefore alleges, that at all times mentioned herein CANDELAS ON THE BAY is an individual, corporation, or other entity authorized to conduct business in the State of California, doing business as a restaurant in San Diego, California.
- 10. Plaintiff was informed and believes and therefore alleges that CANDELAS ON THE BAY employed Plaintiff as a manager for the restaurant.
- 11. Plaintiff is informed and believes and therefore alleges that at all times herein mentioned, defendants DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, were at all relevant times herein the agents, servants and/or employees of each and every group of defendants, and that all acts and omissions herein complained of were performed within the course and scope of said employment, service and/or agency and with the consent of each of the defendants. All actions of each defendant herein alleged were ratified and approved by the directors, officers or managing agents of defendants.
- 12. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate or otherwise of defendant DOES 1through 100, inclusive, are unknown to Plaintiff who therefore sues said defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend this Complaint to show their true names and capacities when the same have been ascertained pursuant to Code Civil Procedure section 474.

# V. GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 13. CANDELAS ON THE BAY did not compensate Plaintiff for her labor by paying for all hours worked.
- 14. CANDELAS ON THE BAY did not authorize or permit Plaintiff to take 30-minute unpaid meal periods when she worked at least 5-hours and did not afford her a second meal when they worked 12-hour shifts.
- 15. CANDELAS ON THE BAY did not authorize or permit Plaintiff to take paid 10-minute rest breaks when she worked 4-hours or a major fraction thereof.

## VI. DEFENDANT'S UNLAWFUL POLICIES AND PRACTICES

- 16. Plaintiff is informed and believes and therefore alleges that between June 1, 2016 through March 12, 2017, CANDELAS ON THE BAY and Does 1 through 100 employed plaintiff to provide managerial services at CANDELAS ON THE BAY.
- 17. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that at all relevant times, defendant failed to pay the wages she was entitled to under the California labor Code and applicable regulations, including failure to provide rest and meal period or one hour's wages in lieu thereof, and failure to provide accurate wage statements.
- 18. Labor Code section 226 require defendant to provide employees an accurate itemized statement showing (1) gross wages earned, (2) total hours worked by the employee, (3) the number of piece units and rates if applicable, (4) all deductions, (5) net wages earned, (6) the inclusive date of the period for which the employee is paid, (7) the name of the employee and his or her social security number, (8) the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer, and (9) all applicable hourly rates in effect and the corresponding number of hours worked. Plaintiff is informed, and believes, and thereon alleges that between June 1, 2016 to March 12, 2017, defendant failed to make appropriate wage deductions and failed to provide plaintiff with the required itemized wage statements.
- 19. Plaintiff is further informed and believes and therefore alleges that the defendant's misclassification of her employment as independent contractor was done to evade defendant's obligation to make required payments of payroll taxes, social security

contributions, Medicare contributions and other legal obligations associated with the employment of labor.

## VII. FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

# WRONGFUL TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT IN VIOLATION OF PUBLIC POLICY

- 20. Plaintiff alleges and incorporate by this reference the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 18, inclusive as though fully set forth below.
- 21. Plaintiff was a hardworking and dedicated full-time employee hired in June 2016 as a Manager for Candelas located in Coronado, California.
- 22. Plaintiff dutifully served as the manager for the restaurant. Defendant required Plaintiff to work excessive hours above and beyond 8 hours a day. Plaintiff was made to work additional hours when she first started at the location, until she finally had to speak with management notifying them that working excessive hours for 7 days a week was extreme. Defendant failed and refused to provide lunch and meal breaks.
- 23. Plaintiff additionally objected to and complained to Defendant about unfair business practices Defendant was knowingly and intentionally practicing at the restaurant, including but not limited to hiring illegal aliens at the restaurant. Defendant intimidated and attempted to ignore Plaintiff's concems and then retaliated against Plaintiff for her resistance by machinating the termination of her employment.
- 24. Defendant's unlawfully retaliated against, harassed, and then terminated the employment of Plaintiff because of her opposition and objections to Defendant's unlawful labor and business practices, her reporting of unsafe working conditions in the form of the excessive hours and days she was forced to work without breaks, time off or assistance, and her opposition and objections to Defendant's unlawful conduct such as attempting to hire illegal aliens. Defendant's retaliation and termination of Plaintiff's employment were in material violation of fundamental public policies and California law. Such policies are each substantial, and are tethered to constitutional, statutory and regulatory provisions, including, but not limited to, California Labor Code Sections 98.6, 226.7, 510, 512, 55, 552, 1102.5, 1174, 1194, 1198, 6310, 6400 and such other statutory and regulatory provisions violated as alleged hereinabove,

the applicable California Code pf Regulations, the California Constitution Article I, Section 8, California Business and Professions Code §§ 17200 et. seq. and California Government Code §§ 12940 et seq.

- 25. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' unlawful conduct as described in this complaint, Plaintiff has sustained and will sustain damages in an amount within the jurisdiction of this Court, the exact amounts to be determined at trial according to proof. Such damages include loss of wages, premium pay, penalties, and other valuable employment benefits, prejudgment interest and interests on the sum of damages at the legal rate, and other consequential and/or incidental damages.
- 26. Defendant's conduct, as alleged herein, was intentional, malicious, despicable, and done with the improper purpose of injuring, maligning or otherwise damaging Plaintiff in her rights and interest, all in violation of California Civil Code § 3294. The wrongful conduct described herein was intentional and was undertaken, participated in by Defendant and managing agents, with callous indifference.
- 27. Pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5, Plaintiff seeks recovery of her costs and attorney's fees, as the prosecution of this action, if successful, will result in the enforcement of important rights affecting the public interest, the right to lawful, fair and timely compensation and healthful working conditions, and the right to retain employment and to enjoy the same terms, conditions and privileges as other employees free of discrimination, harassment, intimidation and retaliation. In such instance, the interests of justice require that the Plaintiff's costs and fees be paid by Defendant rather than out of a recovery in the litigation.

# VIII. SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

## UNFAIR BUSINESS PRACTICES

- 28. Plaintiffs repeat, re-allege and incorporate by this reference the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 26, inclusive as though fully set forth below.
- 29. Defendant engaged in unfair business practices every time they required Plaintiff to work excessive hours and days, failed to pay in full for all her time, failed to provide meal and rest breaks, and engaged in retaliation. Defendant unlawfully required

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Plaintiff to work unlawful work weeks and without days' rest, and make it to so Plaintiff's time cards and wage statements concealed their unlawful practices. Defendant effectively threatened Plaintiff when she questioned, resisted or protested Defendant's unlawful practices. Defendant's acts are in violation of California Business & Professions Code, § § 17200, et. seq.

- 30. Business & Professions Code, § § 17200, et. seq. prohibits unlawful and unfair business practices. The conduct of Defendant as alleged in this Complaint was unfair, unlawful and harmful to Plaintiff. Providing employees with fair compensation and breaks are fundamental public policies of this State, and of the United States, Labor Code § 90.5 (a) articulates the public policies of this State to enforce vigorously minimum labor standards, to ensure that employees are not required or permitted to work under substandard and unlawful conditions, and to protect law-abiding employers and their employees from competitors who lower their costs by failing to comply with minimum labor standards.
- Through the conduct alleged in this Complaint, Defendant has acted contrary to the public policies of the State of California, has violated specific provisions of the law, including Labor Code and Government Code provisions, and have engaged in other unlawful business practices in violation of Business & Profession Code §§ 17200, et. seq., depriving Plaintiff of rights, benefits, and privileges guaranteed to all employees under the law.

  Defendant's conduct, as alleged herein above, constitutes unfair competition in violation of §§ 17200, et. seq. of the Business & Professions Code. As a proximate result of the above mentioned acts of Defendant, Plaintiff will seek restitution in a sum as will be proven at the time of trial.
- 32. California Business & Professions Code § 17203 provides "[t]he court may make such orders or judgments...as may be necessary to prevent the use or employment by any person of any practice which constitutes unfair competition, as defined in this chapter, or as may be necessary to restore to any person in interest any money or property, real or personal, which may have been acquired by means of unfair competition." Plaintiff accordingly seeks all remedies available to her under the law.

## VIX. THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

# WAGES FOR FAILURE TO PROVIDE REST & MEAL PERIODS – LABOR CODE SECTION 226.7

- 33. Plaintiff alleges and incorporate by this reference the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 31, inclusive as though fully set forth below.
  - 34. California Labor Code 226.7(b) states:
    - (b) If an employer fails to provide an employee a meal period or rest period in accordance with an applicable order of the Industrial Welfare Commission, the employer shall pay the employee one additional hour of pay at the employee's regular rate of compensation for each work day that the meal or rest period is not provided.
- 35. CANDELAS ON THE BAY failed to provide the Plaintiff with a ten-minute rest period for every 4 hours of work in compliance with Labor Code §226.7.
- 36. CANDELAS ON THE BAY failed to provide the Plaintiff with a 30 minute unpaid meal period within the first 5 hours of work in compliance with Labor Code § 226.7.
- 37. As a result of CANDELAS ON THE BAY'S failure, Plaintiff is entitled to recover an amount to be proved at trial, of not less than one additional hour of pay at Plaintiff's regular rate of compensation for each workday that the meal period was not provided and one additional hour of pay at Plaintiff's regular rate of compensation for each workday that the rest period was not provided.

#### X. FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

# PENALTIES FOR FAILURE TO PROVIDE ACCURATE ITEMIZED STATEMENTS – LABOR CODE SECTIONS 226 AND 226.3

- 38. Plaintiffs repeat, re-allege and incorporate by this reference the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 23, inclusive as though fully set forth below.
- 39. California Labor Code § 226 requires defendants to provide employees an accurate itemized statement showing (1) gross wages earned, (2) total hours worked y the employee, (3) the number of piece units and rates if applicable, (4) all deductions, (5) net wages earned, (6) the inclusive date of the period for which the employee is paid, (7) the name

general public. Private enforcement of the rights enumerated herein is necessary as no public agency has pursued enforcement. Plaintiffs are incurring a financial burden in pursuing this action and it would be against the interest of justice to require the payment of any attorney's fees and costs from any recovery that might be obtained herein. As prayed for below, Plaintiff and her counsel of The Law Offices of Gregory A. Lutz, APC are entitled to and seeks an award of attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5, Labor Code §§ 1194, 1194.2 and other applicable laws.

## XIII. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief as follows:

- 1. For damages for unpaid compensation;
- 2. For General Damages and Special Damages as allowed by law;
- 3. For punitive damages according to proof thereof; for Defendant engaged in conduct that was "intentionally, maliciously, oppressively, and with a conscious disregard" of Plaintiff's rights.
  - 4. For pre-judgment and post-judgment interest at the maximum legal rate;
- 5. For penalties pursuant to Labor Code § 203 in an amount equal to thirty days wages to Plaintiffs measured at the applicable prevailing wage rate;
  - 6. For an award of reasonable attorney fees and costs of suit;
- 7. For an extra hour of pay for each day Plaintiffs were not authorized or permitted to take 30-minute meal periods and/or 10-minute rest breaks;
  - 8. For any and all penalties allowable by law for the alleged conduct; and
  - 9. For such other and further relief as the court may deem proper.

Dated: January <u>2</u>, 2018

The Law Offices of Gregory A. Lutz, APC

Gregory A. Lutz, Esq.

Attorney for Blanca Ortega